INTERACT FOR HEALTH



Greater Cincinnati
Community Health Status Survey



June 2014

Most adults have a usual and appropriate place for healthcare

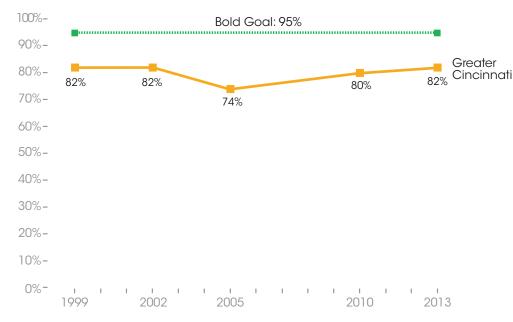
An appropriate place for healthcare¹ is more than just a regular place to go. It is where the patient and his or her health history is known to the provider. This allows for regular and preventive care and can help catch minor problems before they become serious.

To assess if people in our region have a usual and appropriate place for healthcare, the Greater Cincinnati Community Health Status Survey (CHSS) asks a series of questions about source of care.²

Majority reports a usual and appropriate place for healthcare

About 8 in 10 Greater Cincinnati adults (82%) report having a usual and appropriate place for healthcare. This is an increase from previous years, but

Percentage of adults in Greater Cincinnati who have a usual and appropriate place for healthcare



is still below the community's Bold Goal³ of 95%.

Age, education, insurance play a role in having a usual source of care

Older adults are more likely than younger adults to report having a usual and appropriate place for healthcare. More than 9 in 10 (94%) Greater Cincinnati adults age 65 and older report having a usual and

³ To learn more about the Bold Goals, visit www.uwgc.org/community-impact/bold-goals appropriate place for healthcare, compared with 7 in 10 (70%) adults age 18 to 29. (See chart on back.)

Greater Cincinnati adults with at least a college degree are more likely than residents with less education to report having a usual and appropriate place for healthcare. Nine in 10 adults (90%) with a college degree or higher report having a usual and appropriate place for healthcare. This compares with 8 in 10 adults (81%) with some

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The Greater Cincinnati Community Health Status Survey (CHSS) is a project of Interact for Health. The CHSS is conducted by the Institute for Policy Research at the University of Cincinnati. A total of 4,929 randomly selected adults residing in 8 Ohio counties, 9 Kentucky counties, and 5 Indiana counties were interviewed by telephone between Aug. 20, 2013, and Jan. 19, 2014. This included 4,324 landline interviews and 605 cell phone interviews. The potential sampling error for the survey is ±1.5%. For more information, including other topics and the list of community partners, please visit our website at www.interactforhealth.org/greater-cincinnati-community-health-status-survey. For the complete survey dataset, visit www.oasisdataarchive.org. If you have further questions, email Jennifer Chubinski at jchubinski@interactforhealth.org.

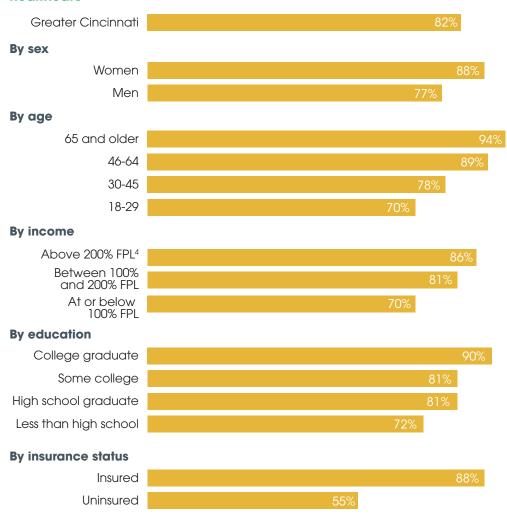
¹For this analysis private doctors' offices, communitybased health clinics, public health clinics, clinics at retail stores, and hospital outpatient departments are considered appropriate sources of healthcare.

² CHSS asks, "Is there one particular clinic, health center, doctor's office or other place that you usually go to if you are sick or need advice about your health?" and "When you are sick or need advice about your health, to which one of the following places do you usually go? Would you say a private doctor's office other than a public health clinic or community-based health center, a community-based health center or public health clinic, a clinic at a retail store, a hospital outpatient department, a hospital emergency room, urgent care center or some other kind of place?"

college or a high school diploma and 7 in 10 adults (72%) with less than a high school education.

A person's insurance status plays a major role in having a usual and appropriate place for healthcare. Fewer than 6 in 10 uninsured adults (55%) report a usual and appropriate place for healthcare. Nearly 9 in 10 insured adults (88%) have a usual and appropriate place for healthcare.

Percentage of adults who report a usual and appropriate place for healthcare



⁵ In 2013, 100% FPL for a family of four was an annual income of \$23,550.