PRICE HILL
THE HEALTH OF OUR COMMUNITY

Results from the 2017 Community Health Status Survey

INTERACT FOR HEALTH
A Catalyst for Health and Wellness
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Thanks to United Way of Greater Cincinnati for its continued support of the Community Health Status Survey.
Together, East, West and Lower Price Hill make up one of the largest and most racially/ethnically and socioeconomically diverse neighborhoods in Greater Cincinnati. Historically an upscale refuge from the smog, noise and dirt of downtown Cincinnati, Price Hill is again attracting residents looking for a culturally and economically diverse urban neighborhood with a strong sense of place, historic architecture, affordable housing, a thriving eco and arts community, and easy access to all the city has to offer.

Price Hill is vested in healthy living. Fresh, locally grown produce is available through community gardens, the first Findlay Market Neighborhood Farmstand, the Enright Ridge Eco-Village and its urban farm, and backyard gardens established through Price Hill Grows. The Price Hill Pacer 5K Walk/Run, entering its 14th year and moving to the fall, promotes an active lifestyle while generating funds to support Price Hill Will and Santa Maria Community Services. With more than 300 acres of parkland, community gardens, trails, cemeteries and ball fields, plus forested hillsides, Price Hill offers plenty of opportunities to get outdoors and get active.

While eating well and exercising regularly will help prevent and address many chronic health issues, the need for medical care will always exist. Santa Maria’s wellness program provides benefits assistance, outreach and connections for uninsured people, many of whom use the Good Samaritan Free Health Center in East Price Hill. The center is an invaluable primary care resource staffed by dozens of doctors and other health care professionals who volunteer their time. Santa Maria Community Serves has Bilingual Certified Community Workers to help Price Hill residents navigate the health care system; remove barriers to controlling chronic disease; connect with medical homes, safe sleep classes and car seat training; and be referred for vision, hearing and dental exams. Santa Maria offers health fairs where Price Hill residents get their annual check-ups and are connected with providers and resources. Healthy Moms and Babes and Caracole come to Santa Maria once a month to provide services to residents. Santa Maria, Price Hill Will and other partners continue to work to prevent lead poisoning by convening partners in housing and health care to implement prevention solutions, teaching parents how they can protect their children, and awarding grants to help homeowners and landlords remove lead from their property.
Finally, research clearly shows the impact of social determinants on the health of families and especially children. Many organizations are working collectively in Price Hill to address various social determinants such as poor housing conditions, low educational achievement, inadequate income and lack of social connections. Addressing these factors will lead to improved health outcomes for families and create a more vibrant Price Hill.

This report focuses on survey responses from adults in Price Hill area of Cincinnati, including East, West and Lower Price Hill and Queensgate. For perspective, the results for all adults in the region are also noted on each page. These regional results include responses from Price Hill adults as well as responses from all other adults in the surrounding 22-county survey region (see map on page 38). While changes from past results are important to note, please also note that small subgroups have a larger margin of error and are more likely to be volatile than the larger regional sample. It is important to monitor changes over time to see if trends continue.
EVERYONE'S INVITED!

GARDEN PARTIES

EVERY SATURDAY
10AM - 1PM

WINTER LIONS
Adults’ overall self-rated health status is an important indicator of well-being. Research has made a strong link between people’s response to this question and their predicted length and quality of life. CHSS asked, “In general, would you say your health is excellent, very good, good, fair or poor?”

The percentage of Price Hill adults who report excellent or very good health has remained STEADY over time.

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 49% reported excellent or very good health in 2017.
Price Hill adults most frequently report high blood pressure, depression, high cholesterol

Chronic illness can create a physical, emotional and financial burden for people. If not monitored and managed well, these conditions can have a devastating impact on long-term health and survival. CHSS asked, “Has a doctor or other health care provider ever told you that you have …”

Percentage of Price Hill adults who have been diagnosed with:

- High blood pressure: 32%
- Depression: 27%
- High cholesterol or triglycerides: 23%
- Severe allergies: 20%
- Asthma: 19%
- Diabetes: 14%
- Chronic lung disease: 11%
- Heart trouble or angina: 8%
- Cancer: 4%
- Stroke: 3%

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION in 2017:
- 30% reported having been told they had high blood pressure
- 27% reported high cholesterol or triglycerides
- 21% reported depression
- 18% reported asthma
- 14% reported severe allergies
- 13% reported diabetes
- 10% reported heart trouble or angina
- 9% reported cancer
- 6% reported chronic lung disease
- 3% reported stroke
6 in 10 Price Hill adults overweight or obese

Maintaining a healthy weight can support good health. Being overweight or obese increases a person’s risk for diabetes, heart disease, respiratory conditions and some cancers. It can also make it more difficult to engage in some daily activities.

CHSS asked adults their weight and height, and used these responses to determine if they were obese using the Body Mass Index (BMI).\(^1\)

Based on BMI, a person who is 5 feet 4 inches tall would be considered overweight at 150 pounds and obese at 180 pounds. A person who is 6 feet tall would be considered overweight at 190 pounds and obese at 220 pounds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Obese</th>
<th>Overweight</th>
<th>Not obese</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Among all adults in the region: 32% were obese and 36% were overweight in 2017.

The percentage of Price Hill adults who are overweight or obese is the SAME as in 2010.
8 in 10 Price Hill adults report safe sidewalks and shoulders in their neighborhood

Being physically active is one of the most important things people can do to improve their health. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), regular physical activity can reduce the risk of chronic diseases, improve muscle and bone strength, improve mental health and increase life expectancy. One thing that can influence physical activity, including walking, is access to sidewalks. Studies have shown that people are more likely to use sidewalks that are in good condition than sidewalks that are not.

CHSS asked adults in the region whether they agreed or disagreed with the following statement: “There are sidewalks or shoulders on streets in my community that allow for safe walking, jogging, or biking.”

The percentage of Price Hill adults reporting safe sidewalks is the SAME as in 2013.

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 73% reported safe sidewalks or shoulders in 2017.
Most Price Hill residents walk each day

One of the easiest ways to increase physical activity is by walking. Walking is especially accessible because it does not require any special skills or facilities. CHSS asked adults in the region how many days each week they walk for at least 10 minutes.

**Number of days each month that Price Hill adults report walking at least 10 minutes a day** (Percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Days</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-3 days</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-6 days</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 days</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No days</td>
<td>7%</td>
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</table>

**AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION:** 57% reported that they walk at least 10 minutes every day in 2017.

3 in 10 Price Hill adults sit for eight or more hours each day

Long periods of time spent sitting, even when paired with moderate physical activity, can lead to poor health. Studies have shown that sedentary behavior can increase the risk of cardiovascular disease, cancer and type 2 diabetes.5

**Percentage of Price Hill adults who report sitting eight or more hours per day**

| Percentage | 28% |

**AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION:** 25% sit for eight hours or more per day in 2017.
Measuring physical activity at work and leisure

The 2017 CHSS incorporated the International Physical Activity Questionnaire (IPAQ), short form. This form is designed to measure adults’ physical activity throughout the entire day. Adults are asked to report their level of activity over the past seven days in four categories: vigorous activity, moderate activity, walking and sitting.

Among all adults in the region: 17% reported low levels of activity, 23% reported moderate levels of activity, and 60% reported high levels of activity in 2017.

Results for all adults in our region and for Price Hill adults show more self-reported physical activity than is sometimes reported. One possible reason for this is that measurements of physical activity often rely on self-reports of activity outside of working hours only. The IPAQ asks respondents to report about all activity, including at work, at home and at leisure. Using the IPAQ, people could qualify as “moderately” or “highly” active because of the time they spend on their feet as part of their job, even if they have little or no activity outside the workplace.

This is the first time CHSS has incorporated this tool to measure physical activity. Additional research is required to better understand how we can use self-reported measures to explore physical activity levels in both work and non-work environments.
2 in 10 Price Hill adults eat the recommended daily amount of fruits and vegetables

People’s weight and overall health are substantially affected by the food they eat. A healthy diet consists of balanced amounts of protein, carbohydrates and fats, with plenty of fruits and vegetables and limited fat and salt. According to the CDC, people who eat a healthy diet with generous amounts of fruits and vegetables have a reduced risk of stroke, type 2 diabetes and certain cancers.7

The Dietary Guidelines for Americans 2015-2020,8 a joint project of the U.S. Departments of Agriculture (USDA) and Health and Human Services (HHS), recommends that each meal include half a plate of fruits and vegetables. This means adults should eat about two servings of fruits and three servings of vegetables per day.

CHSS asked adults about how many fruits and vegetables they ate every day.

Percentage of Price Hill adults who eat the recommended daily amount of both fruits and vegetables

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 23% ate the recommended amount of both fruits and vegetables in 2017.
5 in 10 Price Hill adults drink seven or more sodas or sugary beverages each week

According to the 2015-2020 Dietary Guidelines for Americans, almost half of all added sugar consumed in the nation comes from beverages. Sugar adds calories to a person’s diet without providing nutrients needed to be healthy. The guidelines recommend limiting added sugars to 10% of daily calories. If people consume more than that, they may not get the nutrients they need from fruits, vegetables, protein and dairy products.

Studies have shown that drinking one or more sugary beverages per day – equivalent to seven or more each week – can increase the risk of obesity, diabetes and heart disease. While most people know that soda has added sugar, other drinks such as sweet tea, sports drinks and fruit drinks also contain added sugar.

*CHSS asked Price Hill adults how many sodas and other sugar-sweetened drinks they consumed each week.*

**Percentage of Price Hill adults who drink seven or more sugary beverages per week**

- 7+ 46%
- 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

**AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION:** 40% drank seven or more sugary beverages each week in 2017.
7 in 10 Price Hill adults agree it is easy to purchase healthy foods nearby

Healthy eating is particularly challenging if there is not a place nearby to buy healthy foods. To have a healthy diet, it is crucial that people can buy healthy food such as fruits and vegetables, whole grains and low-fat items without having to travel far.

CHSS asked participants whether they agreed or disagreed with this statement: “It is easy to purchase healthy foods in my neighborhood such as whole grain foods, low-fat options and fruits and vegetables.”

The percentage of Price Hill adults who agree it is easy to purchase healthy food is the **SAME** as in 2013.

**Percentage of Price Hill adults who agree it is easy to purchase healthy foods in their neighborhood**

- 100% -
- 80% - 71%
- 72% -
- 60% -
- 40% -
- 20% -
- 0% -

**2013**  
**2017**

**AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION**: 80% agreed it was easy to purchase healthy foods in their neighborhood in 2017.
Food Insecurity

4 in 10 Price Hill residents have experienced food insecurity in the past year

Access to nutritious food is important for health. Food insecurity occurs when people do not have access to healthy food. It may include both eating less food or reduced quality or variety of food.14 Adults who experience food insecurity are at increased risk for poor overall health and chronic diseases.15

CHSS asked adults whether they agreed or disagreed with two statements:

1. Within the past 12 months we worried whether our food would run out before we got money to buy more.

2. Within the past 12 months the food we bought just didn’t last and we didn’t have money to get more.

Agreeing with one or both statements indicates that a family is likely to be food insecure.

Percentage of Price Hill adults who are food insecure (Graph shows those who agreed with one or both statements.)

- 11%
- 28%
- Total: 39%

Among all adults in the region: 24% experienced food insecurity in the past year.
About 4 in 10 Price Hill adults report they are current smokers

According to the CDC’s Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 17% of adults in the United States were current smokers in 2017. This percentage is higher than the Healthy People 2020 goal of 12%. Tobacco use has an impact on all aspects of an individual’s health. Smokers who can quit can add 10 years to their lives.\textsuperscript{16}

The percentage of current smokers in Price Hill remains \textbf{STEADY}, but much higher than the Healthy People 2020 goal of 12%.

\textbf{AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION:} 23\% reported that they were current smokers in 2017.
3 in 10 Price Hill adults allow people to smoke in their home

Secondhand smoke or environmental tobacco smoke (ETS) is a serious danger that does not often get enough attention. According to the CDC, 1 in 4 nonsmokers in the U.S. is exposed to ETS, which is responsible for approximately 41,000 deaths among nonsmoking adults and 400 deaths in infants each year. ETS has been linked to serious negative health outcomes in adults and children, such as stroke, lung cancer, coronary heart disease and sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS).\(^\text{17}\)

CHSS asked adults whether or not they allow people to smoke in their home.

Percentage of Price Hill adults who allow people to smoke in their home

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>0%</th>
<th>20%</th>
<th>40%</th>
<th>60%</th>
<th>80%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 18% allowed people to smoke in their home in 2017.
Nearly 3 in 10 Price Hill adults report high stress

Stress is a normal part of life. It may be short-term (acute), caused by situations such as a presentation or a big test. Stress may also be long-term (chronic), caused by situations such as extended unemployment or a long illness. Stress is the way the body reacts to these stimuli by releasing hormones, increasing heart rate and tensing muscles.18

CHSS asked, “On a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means you ‘little or no stress’ and 10 means you have ‘a great deal of stress,’ how would you rate your average level of stress during the past month?”

On a scale of 1 to 10 … how would you rate your average level of stress during the past month? (Percentages do not add to 100 percent because of rounding.)

- Low stress (1-3): 29%
- Moderate stress (4-7): 44%
- High stress (8-10): 26%

Among all adults in the region: 29% reported low stress, 50% reported moderate stress and 20% reported high stress in 2017.

Most consider low, moderate stress healthy

CHSS also asked, “On a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means ‘little or no stress’ and 10 means you have ‘a great deal of stress,’ what would you consider a healthy level of stress?”

On a scale of 1 to 10 … what would you consider a healthy level of stress? (Percentages may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.)

- Low (1-3): 55%
- Moderate (4-7): 41%
- High (8-10): <1%

Among all adults in the region: 55% thought a low level of stress was healthy in 2017.
4 in 10 Price Hill adults report doing excellent or very good job managing their stress

According to the National Institute of Mental Health, taking steps to manage stress can reduce its negative health impacts. Steps could include exercise, social connection, mindfulness, relaxation or help from a health care provider.

CHSS asked, “How good a job do you think you do managing your stress?”

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 44% report an excellent or very good job managing their stress in 2017.
Price Hill adults’ perceptions of support from their community

Research has shown strong ties between people’s health and the social support they find in their community.20

CHSS asked people whether they agreed or disagreed with three statements about social support in their community:

1. People can depend on each other in my community.
2. Living in my community gives me a secure feeling.
3. People in my community know they can get help from the community if they are in trouble.

Half of Price Hill adults agree people can depend on each other in their community.

About half of Price Hill adults agree living in their community gives them a secure feeling.
People in my community know they can get help from the community if they are in trouble

40% 60% 80% 100%
0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
2010 2013 2017

52% 56% 69%

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION:

- 78% agreed that people can depend on each other in their community in 2017.
- 86% agreed that living in their community gave them a secure feeling in 2017.
- 83% thought people could get help from the community if they were in trouble in 2017.

7 in 10 Price Hill adults agree they can get help from their community.
Price Hill adults rate Greater Cincinnati and their neighborhood as a healthy place to live

Choices we make every day affect our health, but so does the community in which we live. The physical and social environment is an important determinant of health. A neighborhood that feels safe can encourage residents to engage in healthy outdoor activities. A neighborhood that feels unsafe can force residents to stay indoors. CHSS asked adults in the region to evaluate their environment.

CHSS asked, “How would you rate Greater Cincinnati as a healthy place to live?”

CHSS also asked, “How would you rate your neighborhood as a healthy place to live?”

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 71% rated Greater Cincinnati excellent, very good or good as a healthy place to live. Seventy-five percent rated their own neighborhood excellent, very good or good as a healthy place to live in 2017.
5 in 10 Price Hill adults rate neighborhood homes highly; nearly 8 in 10 rate own home highly

The condition of people’s homes and the homes in their neighborhood can have an impact on their health.

CHSS asked, “How would you rate the condition of the houses and apartments in your neighborhood?” and “How would you rate the condition of the house or apartment where you live?”

Among all adults in the region: 83% rated houses and apartments in their neighborhood as excellent, very good, or good. Ninety percent rated their own home as excellent, very good or good in 2017.

The percentage of Price Hill adults rating their neighborhood, own home highly is the SAME as in 2013.
Nearly 7 in 10 Price Hill adults have a usual and appropriate source for care

One essential element for maintaining good health is regular visits with a doctor or other health care provider. Ideally, patients see the same provider or practice over time so they can receive coordinated, comprehensive health care and preventive health guidance.

CHSS asked adults whether they had a usual source for health care, and where. A private doctor's office, community-based health center, clinic at a retail store or hospital outpatient department are considered appropriate sources of care.

In 2017 adults throughout the region were less likely than in previous years to report a usual and appropriate source of care. This was the first time CHSS has collected these data since the Affordable Care Act (ACA) was implemented in 2014. Many adults in the region who had previously been uninsured gained insurance through the ACA. Research suggests that newly insured adults may not be as settled into a preventive health care routine. This may be one explanation for why the percentage of adults with a usual source of care in our region has decreased.

The percentage of Price Hill adults reporting a usual and appropriate source of care DROPPED in 2017.

In 2017 adults throughout the region were less likely than in previous years to report a usual and appropriate source of care. This was the first time CHSS has collected these data since the Affordable Care Act (ACA) was implemented in 2014. Many adults in the region who had previously been uninsured gained insurance through the ACA. Research suggests that newly insured adults may not be as settled into a preventive health care routine. This may be one explanation for why the percentage of adults with a usual source of care in our region has decreased.
9 in 10 Price Hill adults have health insurance

Cost can be a barrier to receiving regular health care. Access to appropriate care helps prevent illness, control outbreaks and manage chronic conditions. People without health insurance are less likely than those with health insurance to get the care they need in a timely manner.

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 71% reported a usual and appropriate source of care in 2017, down from 82% in 2013. Also in 2017, 20% reported no usual source of health care.

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 92% of all adults had health insurance in 2017.
1 in 10 Price Hill adults delayed care due to cost

Even with insurance, health care can be expensive. CHSS asked adults if they had delayed or gone without a doctor’s care in the past 12 months because they needed the money to buy food, clothing or to pay for housing.

CHSS asked, “During the last year, did any household member not receive a doctor’s care because the household needed the money to buy food, clothing or to pay for housing?”

The percentage of Price Hill adults delaying care in 2017 has IMPROVED.

AMONG ALL ADULTS IN THE REGION: 8% did not receive care in the past year due to cost in 2017.
Price Hill: Child Well-Being Survey

In addition to being part of CHSS, Price Hill was also included in the 2017 Child Well-Being Survey (CWBS). CWBS is conducted every five to six years to learn more about the health of children younger than 18 in Greater Cincinnati. In 2017 the survey was a collaboration between Interact for Health and Cincinnati Children’s Hospital, with support from United Way of Greater Cincinnati.

In this survey, parents and guardians are asked questions about topics related to the health of their child. Regional results from this survey, as well as data tables and data summaries, are available at www.interactforhealth.org/about-cwbs.

This page and the next show CWBS questions for which responses in Price Hill were different from the region.

**Insurance Coverage**

More than 4 in 10 Price Hill youth were covered by private insurance. 5 in 10 Price Hill youth were covered by public insurance.

**Percentage of Price Hill youth covered by insurance.**

![Graph showing percentage of Price Hill youth covered by insurance. 45% by private insurance, 51% by public insurance.]

**Among all in the region:** 64% of youth in the region were covered by private insurance in 2017. 30% of youth in the region were covered by public insurance in 2017.

**Community Safety**

More than 8 in 10 parents and guardians in Price Hill feel their child is usually or always safe in their community.

**Percentage of parents and guardians in Price Hill that feel their child is usually or always safe in their community.**

![Graph showing percentage of parents and guardians in Price Hill feeling their child is usually or always safe. 85% feel this way.]

**Among all in the region:** 96% of parents and guardians in the region felt their child was usually or always safe in their community in 2017.
Fewer than 7 in 10 parents and guardians in Price Hill rate the condition of houses and apartments in their neighborhood as excellent, very good or good.

Percentage of parents and guardians in Price Hill that rate the condition of houses and apartments in their neighborhood as excellent, very good or good.

![Graph showing 66%]

**AMONG ALL IN THE REGION:** 94% of parents and guardians in the region rated the condition of houses and apartments in their neighborhood as excellent, very good or good in 2017.

2 in 10 parents and guardians in Price Hill report that their family experienced food insecurity in the past year.

Percentage of Price Hill families that experienced food insecurity in the past year.

![Graph showing 23%]

**AMONG ALL IN THE REGION:** 14% of parents and guardians in the region experienced food insecurity in the past year in 2017.

6 in 10 Price Hill families report earning less than 200% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines.

Percentage of Price Hill families that report earning less than 200% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines.

![Graph showing 59%]

**AMONG ALL IN THE REGION:** 36% of families in the region earned below 200% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines in 2017.
For most questions, Price Hill parents and guardians gave answers that were similar to the answers given by parents and guardians throughout the region. Like youth in the region, Price Hill parents and guardians report:

**GENERAL HEALTH**
- 8 in 10 Price Hill youth are in excellent or very good health.
- 7 in 10 Price Hill youth have excellent or very good teeth.

**CHRONIC CONDITIONS**
- Fewer than 2 in 10 Price Hill youth have been diagnosed with asthma.
- Fewer than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have been diagnosed with diabetes.
- 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have been diagnosed with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).
- Fewer than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have been diagnosed with depression.
- 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have been diagnosed with anxiety.

**ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE**
- 9 in 10 Price Hill youth have a usual and appropriate place for health care.
- Fewer than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have delayed health care in the past year.
- 9 in 10 Price Hill youth have had a primary care checkup in the past year.
- About 8 in 10 Price Hill youth have had a dental checkup in the past year.
- Fewer than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth are uninsured.

**MENTAL HEALTH**
- 8 in 10 Price Hill youth are in excellent or very good mental health.
- More than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have had mental health treatment in the past year.

**HEALTHY BEHAVIORS**
- 3 in 10 Price Hill youth exercise for at least 60 minutes each day.
- 6 in 10 Price Hill youth get the recommended amount of sleep per day.

**HEALTHY ENVIRONMENT**
- Fewer than 1 in 10 caregivers in Price Hill allow people to smoke in their home.
- More than 8 in 10 caregivers in Price Hill agree that it is easy to purchase healthy food in their neighborhood.
- About 3 in 10 caregivers in Price Hill report having child care arrangements outside the home.
- More than 9 in 10 caregivers in Price Hill rate their home highly.
TRAUMATIC EXPERIENCES
• About 3 in 10 Price Hill youth have experienced the divorce of a parent.
• Fewer than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have experienced the death of a parent.
• More than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have experienced the incarceration of a parent.
• Fewer than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have moved to a new home two or more times in the past two years.
• Fewer than 1 in 10 Price Hill youth have changed schools two or more times in the past two years.

CAREGIVER HEALTH
• More than 4 in 10 Price Hill caregivers rate their physical health as excellent or very good.
• More than 6 in 10 Price Hill caregivers rate their mental or emotional health as excellent or very good.
• 9 in 10 Price Hill caregivers have someone they can turn to for day-to-day emotional support with parenting.
The **Community Health Status Survey (CHSS)**, a project of Interact for Health, is conducted by the Institute for Policy Research at the University of Cincinnati. A total of 4,929 randomly selected adults residing in the counties at right were interviewed by telephone between Aug. 10, 2016, and March 8, 2017. This included 1,906 landline interviews and 2,355 cell phone interviews. The margin of error for the overall survey is ±1.5%.

For this report, 286 Price Hill residents were interviewed. Researchers contacted residents in census tracts corresponding to the neighborhood and asked them if they live in Price Hill. Because census tracts and neighborhood boundaries differ, the survey area for this report extended into East, West and Lower Price Hill and Queensgate. The margin of error for the Price Hill sample is ±5.8%.

Reports in this series examine the health of African Americans and Latinos, as well as the health of people who live in the Place Matters communities of Avondale, Covington, Madisonville, Price Hill and Walnut Hills.

For more information about the survey’s methodology, go to www.interactforhealth.org/aboutchss2017.
OBESITY

1. BMI is calculated by dividing a person's weight in pounds by his height in inches squared and then multiplying that result by 703.

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY


DIET AND FOOD ACCESS


FOOD INSECURITY


SMOKING


STRESS


COMMUNITY SUPPORT


ACCESS & BARRIERS TO CARE


CHILDREN’S HEALTH

23. The CWBS was conducted March 5-Aug. 9, 2017, by the Institute for Policy Research at the University of Cincinnati and was funded by Cincinnati Children’s and Interact for Health with support from United Way. A random sample of primary caregivers from the Greater Cincinnati region were interviewed by telephone about one randomly selected child in the household. This included 1,056 interviews conducted over landline telephones and 1,701 interviews conducted over cell phones. In 95 out of 100 cases, the statewide estimates will be accurate to ± 1.9%. For this report, 214 Price Hill caregivers were interviewed. In 95 out of 100 cases, the Price Hill estimates will be accurate to +/-6.7% There are other sources of variation inherent in public opinion studies, such as non-response, question wording or context effects that can introduce error or bias.